

Music at Beechwood Primary School

By the end of studying Music at Beechwood Primary School, children will have had the opportunity to develop a mastery knowledge and an enjoyment of music. Children will be able to talk about and share their musical knowledge in the following strands:

- Singing (how to sing expressively and in unison following a conductor)
- Listening (recognise different musical styles and elements such as tempo and staccato)
- Composing (playing instruments, notation, improvising and composing)
- Performing (create, rehearse, and evaluate performances)
- Musicianship (using body percussion, instruments, and voices)

All music end points will be covered using specialist music schemes: Charanga - Original Curriculum (EYFS), Charanga Model Music Curriculum (Year 1,2 and 3) and Puzzle Pieces through Accent Music Education Hub (Year 4, 5 and 6).

Key Strands	Year Group Covered						
	EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Musicianship							
Listening							
Singing							
Performing							
Composing							
Instruments	Percussion	Glockenspiels	Recorders	Keyboard	Brass Instruments	Woodwind: Clarinets	Mixed Brass and Clarinets

		Strands and End Point	s	
EYFS	Singing - To sing or rap nursery rhymes and simple songs from memory Songs have sections To sing along with a pre-recorded song and add actions - To sing along with a backing track Listening - To know twenty nursery rhymes off by heart - To know the stories of some of the nursery rhymes To learn that music can touch your feelings To enjoy moving to music by dancing, marching, being animals or Pop stars		Performing -To know that a performance is sharing music - Perform any of the learnt nursery rhymes by singing and adding actions or dance - Perform any nursery rhymes or songs adding a simple instrumental part -Record the performance to talk about. Explore and Create (Composing/Musicianship) -To know that we can move with the pulse of the music. -To know that the words of songs can tell stories and paint pictures. - Find the pulse by copying a character in a nursery rhyme, imagining a similar character or object and finding different ways to keep the pulse. - Copy basic rhythm patterns of single words, building to short phrases from the song/s - Explore high and low using voices and sounds of characters in the songs. Listen to high-pitched and low-pitched sounds on a glockenspiel. - Invent a pattern using one pitched note, keep the pulse throughout with a single note and begin to create simple 2-note patterns to accompany the song. - Adding a 2-note melody to the rhythm of the words.	
Year 1	Musicianship -Use body percussion, instruments and voices: in the key centres of: C major, F major, G major and A minor. -Find and keep a steady beat together Understand the difference between creating a rhythm pattern and a pitch pattern. -Copy back simple rhythmic patterns using long and short. -Copy back simple melodic patterns using high and low. -Complete vocal warm-ups with a copy back option to use Solfa.	Listening -Move and dance with the music. Find the steady beat. -Talk about feelings created by the music Recognise some band and orchestral instruments. -Describe tempo as fast or slow. -Describe dynamics as loud and quiet. - Join in sections of the song, eg chorus. - Begin to understand where the music fits in the world. -Begin to understand about different styles of music.	-Sing songs from memoryCopy back intervals of an octave and fifth (high, low)Sing in unison.	Performing -Rehearse and learn to play a simple melodic instrumental part by ear or from simple notation, in C major, F major, D major and D minorEnjoy and have fun performing Choose a song/songs to perform to a well-known audience Prepare a song to perform Communicate the meaning of the songAdd actions to the songPlay some simple instrumental parts
	Notation: Explore ways of representing hig standard notation, using crotchets, quaver Improvising: Explore improvisation within Answer' phrases. Understand the difference Composing: Explore and create graphic sec choosing and playing classroom instrumen	th and low sounds, and long and short sounds and minims, and simple combinations of a major and minor scale using the notes: Cope between creating a rhythm pattern and cores: Create musical sound effects and shorts and/or soundmakers. Recognise how gray	oyear or from simple notation, in C major, F maj ds, using symbols and any appropriate means of C, D, E, F, G F, G, A G, B, D D, E, F♯, G, A D, A, C , D, E D, E, A F, G, A D, F, G Improvise simple voc	or, D major and D minor. If notation. If appropriate: explore al patterns using 'Question and I video stimulus. Create a story, plore and invent your own

	minims: C, D C, D, E C, D, E, F C, D, E, F, G S Start and end on the note D	Start and end on the note C F, G F, G, A F, G, A	a, C F, G, A, C, D Start and end on the note F D,	F D, F, G D, F, G, A D, F, G, A, C	
Year 2	<u>Musicianship</u>	<u>Listening</u>	Singing	Performing	
Year 2	Musicianship -Use body percussion, instruments and voices. - In the key centres of: C major, G major and A minor. -Find and keep a steady beat. -Copy back simple rhythmic patterns using long and short. - Copy back simple melodic patterns using high and low. - Complete vocal warm-ups with a copy back option to use Solfa. -Sing short phrases independently.	Listening -Mark the beat of a listening piece (eg Boléro by Ravel) by tapping or clapping and recognising tempo, as well as changes in tempo. -Walk in time to the beat of a piece of music. -Identify the beat groupings in the music you sing and listen, eg 2-time, 3-time etc. -Move and dance with the music confidently. -Talk about how the music makes you feel. -Find different steady beats. -Describe tempo as fast or slow Describe dynamics as loud or quietJoin in sections of the song, eg call and response. -Start to talk about the style of a piece of music. -Recognise some band and orchestral instruments. -Start to talk about where music might fit into the world.	Singing -Sing as part of a choirDemonstrate good singing postureSing songs from memory and/or from notationSing to communicate the meaning of the wordsSing in unison and sometimes in parts, and with more pitching accuracyUnderstand and follow the leader or conductorAdd actions to a songMove confidently to a steady beatTalk about feelings created by the music/songRecognise some band and orchestral instrumentsDescribe tempo as fast or slowJoin in sections of the song, eg chorusBegin to understand where the music fits in the worldBegin to talk about and understand the style of the musicKnow the meaning of dynamics (loud/quiet) and tempo (fast/slow), and be able to demonstrate these when singing by responding to (a) the leader's directions	Performing -Practise, rehearse and share a song that has been learned in the lesson, from memory or with notation, and with confidenceDecide on any actions, instrumental parts/improvisatory ideas/composed passages to be practised and included in the performanceTalk about what the song means and why it was chosen to shareTalk about the difference between rehearsing a song and performing it.	
			and (b) visual symbols (eg crescendo,		
	decrescendo, pause). Composition Playing instruments: Rehearse and learn to play a simple melodic instrumental part by ear or from notation, in C major, F major and G major.				
	Notation: Explore ways of representing high and low sounds, and long and short sounds, using symbols and any appropriate means of notation. Explore standard notation, using crotchets, quavers, minims and semibreves, and simple combinations of: C, D, E, F, G, A, B G, A, B, C, D, E, F♯ F, G, A, B♭, C, D, E A, B, C, D, E Identify hand signals as notation, and recognise music notation on a stave of five lines				
	<u>Improvising:</u> Explore improvisation within a major scale using the notes: C, D, E C, G, A G, A, B F, G, A Work with a partner and in the class to improvise simple 'Question and Answer' phrases, to be sung and played on untuned percussion, creating a musical conversation.				
	Composing: Explore and create graphic scores: Create musical sound effects and short sequences of sounds in response to music and video stimulus. Use graphic symbols, dot notation and stick notation, as appropriate, to keep a record of composed pieces. Create a story, choosing and playing classroom instruments. Create and perform your own rhythm patterns with stick notation, including crotchets, quavers and minims. Use music technology, if available, to capture, change and combine sounds. Use notation if appropriate: Create a simple melody using crotchets and minims: C, D C, D, E C, D, E, F, C, D, E, F, G Start and end on the note C (C major) G, A G, A, B, D, G, A, B, D, E Start and end on the note G (Pentatonic on G) F, G F, G, A, F, G, A, C, F, G, A, C, D Start and end on the note F (Pentatonic on F)				
Year 3	<u>Musicianship</u> <u>-</u> Use body percussion, instruments and voices.	Listening -Share your thoughts and feelings about the music together.	Singing -Sing as part of a choirSing a widening range of unison songs, of varying styles and structures.	Performing -Practise, rehearse and share a song that has been learned in the lesson, from memory or with	

- -In the key centres of: C major, F major, G major and A minor.
- -In the time signatures of: 2/4, 3/4 and 4/4.
- -Find and keep a steady beat.
- -Copy back and improvise simple rhythmic patterns using minims, crotchets, guavers and their rests.
- -Copy back and improvise simple melodic patterns using the notes: C, D, E G, A, B F, G, A A, B, C
- -Find the beat or groove of the music. Walk, move or clap a steady beat with others, changing the speed of the beat as the tempo of the music changes.
- -Invent different actions to move in time with the music.
- -Talk about what the song or piece of music means.
- -Identify some instruments you can hear playing.
- -Identify if it's a male or female voice singing the song.
- -Talk about the style of the music.

- -Demonstrate good singing posture. -Perform actions confidently and in time to a range of action songs.
- -Sing songs from memory and/or from notation.
- -Sing with awareness of following the beat. -Sing with attention to clear diction. -Sing expressively, with attention to the
- meaning of the words.
- -Sing in unison.
- -Understand and follow the leader or conductor.
- -Copy back simple melodic phrases using the voice.

notation, and with confidence. -Play and perform melodies following staff notation, using a small range, as a whole class or in small groups.

- -Include any actions, instrumental parts/improvisatory ideas/composed passages within the rehearsal and in the performance.
- -Talk about what the song means and why it was chosen to share. Reflect on feelings about sharing and performing, eg excitement, nerves, enjoyment.

Composition

<u>Instruments:</u> Rehearse and learn to play a simple melodic instrumental part by ear or from notation, in C major, F major, G major and E major. Develop facility in playing tuned percussion or a melodic instrument, such as a violin or recorder.

Notation: Explore ways of representing high and low sounds, and long and short sounds, using symbols and any appropriate means of notation. Explore standard notation, using minims, semibreves, dotted crotchets, crotchets, quavers and semiquavers, and simple combinations of: C, D, E, F, G, A, B F, G, A, B b, C G, A, B, C, D, E E, F♯, G♯, A, B Read and respond to semibreves, minims, crotchets and paired quavers. Identify: • Stave • Treble clef • Time signature • Lines and spaces on the stave Identify and understand the differences between crotchets and paired quavers. Apply spoken word to rhythms, understanding how to link each syllable to one musical note.

<u>Improvising:</u> Explore improvisation within a major scale using the notes: C, D, E C, D, E, G, D, E, G, A, B, G, A, B, D, E G, A, B, C, D F, G, A F, G, A, C, D Become more skilled in improvising (using voices, tuned and untuned percussion, and instruments played in whole-class/group/individual/instrumental teaching), inventing short 'on-the-spot' responses using a limited note-range. Compose over a simple groove. Compose over a drone. Structure musical ideas (eg using echo or 'Question and Answer' phrases) to create music that has a beginning, middle and end.

Composing: Create music and/or sound effects in response to music and video stimulus. Use music technology, if available, to capture, change and combine sounds. Compose over a simple chord progression. Compose over a simple groove. Compose over a drone. Start to use simple structures within compositions, eg introduction, verse, chorus or AB form. Use simple dynamics. Compose song accompaniments on tuned and untuned percussion, using known rhythms and note values. Create a simple melody using crotchets, minims and perhaps paired quavers: C, D C, D, E C, D, E, G C, D, E, G, A Start and end on the note C (Pentatonic on C) C, D C, D, E C, D, E, F, G Start and end on the note C (C major) F, G F, G, A F, G, A, Bb F, G, A, Bb, C Start and end on the note F (F major) G, A G, A, B G, A, B, D G, A, B, D, E Start and end on the note G (Pentatonic on G)

Year 4	Musicianship	<u>Listening</u>	<u>Singing</u>	<u>Performing</u>
	-Use body percussion, instruments and	-Talk about the words of a song.	-Rehearse and learn songs from	-Rehearse and enjoy the opportunity to
	voices.	-Think about why the song or piece of	memory and/or with notation.	share what has been learned in the
	-In the key centres of: C major, F major,	music was written.	-Sing in different time signatures: 2/4,	lessons.
	G major and A minor.	-Find and demonstrate the steady beat.	3/4 and 4/4.	-Perform, with confidence, a song from
	-In the time signatures of: 2/4, 3/4 and	Identify 2/4, 3/4, and 4/4 metre.	-Sing as part of a choir with awareness	memory or using notation.
	4/4.	-Identify the tempo as fast, slow or	of size: the larger, the thicker and	-Play and perform melodies following
	-Find and keep a steady beat.	steady.	richer the musical texture.	staff notation, using a small range, as a
	-Listen and copy rhythmic patterns	-Recognise the style of music you are	-Demonstrate good singing posture	whole class or in small groups.
	made of semibreves, minims, dotted	listening to.	Demonstrate vowel sounds, blended	-Include instrumental
	crotchets, crotchets, quavers,		sounds and consonants.	parts/improvisatory

semiquavers and their rests, by ear or from notation.

-Copy back melodic patterns using the notes: C, D, E C, D, E, G, A G, A, B G, A, B, D, E F, G, A A, B, C, D, E, F, G

- Discuss the structures of songs. - Identify: • Call and response • A solo vocal or instrumental line and the rest of the ensemble • A change in texture • Articulation on certain words

- Programme music
- -Explain what a main theme is and identify when it is repeated.
- -Know and understand what a musical introduction is and its purpose.
- -Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music.
- -Identify major and minor tonality. -Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear and from notation.
- -Describe legato and staccato.
 -Recognise the following styles and any important musical features that distinguish the style: 20th and 21st Century Orchestral, Reggae, Soul, R&B, Pop, Folk, Jazz, Disco, Musicals,

Classical, Rock, Gospel, Romantic, Choral, Funk and Electronic Dance

Music.

-Sing 'on pitch' and 'in time'.

- -Sing expressively, with attention to breathing and phrasing.
- -Sing expressively, with attention to staccato and legato.
- -Talk about the different styles of singing used for different styles of song. -Talk about how the songs and their styles connect to the world.

sections/composed passages within the rehearsal and performance.

- -Explain why the song was chosen, including its composer and the historical and cultural context of the song.
- -Communicate the meaning of the words and articulate them clearly.
- -Use the structure of the song to communicate its mood and meaning in the performance.
- -Talk about what the rehearsal and performance has taught the student. Understand how the individual fits within the larger group ensemble. Reflect on the performance and how well it suited the occasion.
- -Discuss and respond to any feedback; consider how future performances might be different

Composition

<u>Playing Instruments:</u> Rehearse and learn to play a simple melodic instrumental part by ear or from notation, in C major, F major, G major and D major. Playing brass instruments: Rehearse and learn to play one of four differentiated instrumental parts by ear or from notation, in the tonal centres of C major, F major, G major and D major.

Notation: Explore ways of representing high and low sounds, and long and short sounds, using symbols and any appropriate means of notation. Explore standard notation, using semibreves, minims, dotted crotchets, crotchets, quavers and semiquavers, and simple combinations of: C, D, E, F, G, A, B F,

Improvising: Explore improvisation within a major scale using the notes: C, D, E C, D, E, G, A C, D, E, F, G D, E, F, G, A Improvise on a limited range of pitches on the instrument you are now learning, making use of musical features, including smooth (legato) and detached (staccato) articulation. Improvise over a simple chord progression. Improvise over a groove.

Composing: Combine known rhythmic notation with letter names, to create short, pentatonic phrases using a limited range of five pitches, suitable for the instruments being learnt. Compose over a simple chord progression. Compose over a groove. Create music in response to music and video stimulus. Use music technology, if available, to capture, change and combine sounds. Start to use simple structures within compositions, eg introduction, verse, chorus or AB form. Use simple dynamics. Compose song accompaniments on tuned and untuned percussion, using known rhythms and note values. Create a melody using crotchets, minims, quavers and their rests. Use a pentatonic scale: C, D C, D, E C, D, E, G C, D, E, G, A Start and end on the note C (Pentatonic on C) C, D C, D, E C, D, E, F, C, D, E, F, G, D, E, F,

Year 5	<u>Musicianship</u>	<u>Listening</u>	<u>Singing</u>	<u>Performing</u>
	-Use body percussion, instruments and	-Talk about feelings created by the	-Rehearse and learn songs from	-Create, rehearse and present a holistic
	voices.	music.	memory and/or with notation.	performance for a specific purpose, for
	-In the key centres of: C major, G	-Justify a personal opinion with	- Sing in 2/4, 3/4, 4/4 and 6/8 time	a friendly but unknown audience
	major, D major, F major and A minor.	reference to Musical Elements.	Sing in unison and parts, and as part of	Perhaps perform in smaller groups, as
	-In the time signatures of: 2/4, 3/4, 4/4,	-Find and demonstrate the steady beat.	a smaller group.	well as the whole class.
	5/4 and 6/8.	-Identify 2/4, 3/4, 6/8 and 5/4 metre	-Sing 'on pitch' and 'in time'.	-Perform a range of repertoire pieces
	-Find and keep a steady beat.	Identify the musical style of a song or	-Sing a second part in a songSelf-	and arrangements combining acoustic
	-Listen and copy rhythmic patterns	piece of music.	correct if lost or out of time.	instruments, to form mixed ensembles,
	made of dotted minims, minims,	-Identify instruments by ear and	-Sing expressively, with attention to	including a school orchestra.
	dotted crotchets, crotchets, dotted	through a range of media.	breathing and phrasing.	-Perform from memory or with
	quavers, triplet quavers, quavers,	-Discuss the structure of the music with	-Sing expressively, with attention to	notation, with confidence and
	semiquavers and their rests, by ear or	reference to verse, chorus, bridge,	dynamics and articulation.	accuracyInclude instrumental
	from notationCopy back melodic	repeat signs, chorus and final chorus,	-Develop confidence as a soloist.	parts/improvisatory
	patterns using the notes: C, D, E C, D, E,	improvisation, call and response, and	-Talk about the different styles of	sections/composed passages within the
	F, G, A, B D, E, F♯, G, A A, B, C, D, E, F♯,	AB form.	singing used for different styles of song.	rehearsal and performance.
	G F, G, A, B♭, C, D, E G, A, B, C, D, E, F♯	-Explain a bridge passage and its	-Talk confidently about how connected	-Explain why the song was chosen,
		position in a song.	you feel to the music and how it	including its composer and the
		-Recall by ear memorable phrases	connects in the world.	historical and cultural context of the
		heard in the music.	-Respond to a leader or conductor.	song.
		-Identify major and minor tonality		-A student leads part of the rehearsal
		Recognise the sound and notes of the		and part of the performance.
		pentatonic and Blues scales, by ear and		-Record the performance and compare
		from notation.		it to a previous performance; explain
		-Explain the role of a main theme in		how well the performance
		musical structure.		communicated the mood of each piece.
		-Know and understand what a musical		-Discuss and talk musically about the
		introduction is and its purpose.		strengths and weaknesses of a
		-Explain rapping.		performance.
		-Recognise the following styles and any		-Collect feedback from the audience
		key musical features that distinguish		and reflect how future performances
		the style: 20th and 21st Century		might be different.
		Orchestral, Gospel, Pop, Minimalism,		
		Rock n' Roll, South African,		
		Contemporary Jazz, Reggae, Film		
		Music, Hip Hop, Funk, Romantic and		
		Musicals.		

Playing Instruments: Rehearse and learn to play a simple melodic instrumental part by ear or from notation, in C major, F major, G major, Eb major, C minor and D minor. Play melodies on tuned percussion, melodic instruments or keyboards, following staff notation written on one stave and using notes within the middle C–C′/do–do range. This should initially be done as a whole class, with greater independence gained each lesson through smaller group performance. Playing the Recorder Rehearse and learn to play one of four differentiated instrumental parts by ear or from notation, in the tonal centres of C major, F major, G major, Eb major, C minor and D minor.

 G, Ab, Bb, C, Db Identify: • Stave • Treble clef • Time signature Read and respond to minims, crotchets, quavers, dotted quavers and semiquavers. Recognise how notes are grouped when notated. Identify the stave and symbols on the stave (such as the treble clef), the name of the notes on lines and in spaces, barlines, a flat sign and a sharp sign. Further understand the differences between semibreves, minims, crotchets and crotchet rests, paired quavers and semiquavers. Understand the differences between 2/4, 3/4 and 4/4 time signatures. Read and perform pitch notation within an octave (eg C—C'/do—do). Improvise over a simple groove, responding to the beat and creating a satisfying melodic shape. Experiment with using a wider range of dynamics, including very loud (fortissimo), very quiet (pianissimo), moderately loud (mezzo forte) and moderately quiet (mezzo piano).

Composing: Create music in response to music and video stimulus. Use music technology, if available, to capture, change and combine sounds. Start to use structures within compositions, eg introduction, multiple verse and chorus sections, AB form or ABA form (ternary form). Use chords to compose music to evoke a specific atmosphere, mood or environment. Use simple dynamics. Use rhythmic variety. Compose song accompaniments, perhaps using basic chords. Use a wider range of dynamics, including fortissimo (very loud), pianissimo (very quiet), mezzo forte (moderately loud) and mezzo piano (moderately quiet). Use full scales in different keys. Understand how chord triads are formed and play them on tuned percussion, melodic instruments or keyboards. Perform simple, chordal accompaniments. Create a melody using crotchets, quavers and minims, and perhaps semibreves and semiquavers, plus all equivalent rests. Use a pentatonic and a full scale. Use major and minor tonality: F, G F, G, A, B, F, G, A, B, F, G, A, B, C, C Start and end on the note G (G major) G, A G, A, B G, A, B, D G, A, B, D, E Start and end on the note G (Pentatonic on G) D, E D, E, F, D, E, F, G, D, E, F, G, A, Start and end on the note D (D minor) Eb, F Eb, F, G Eb, F, G, Bb Eb, F, G, Bb, C Start and end on the note Eb (Eb major)

Year 6

Musicianship

Listening

-Talk about feelings created by the music.

-Justify a personal opinion with reference to Musical Elements.
-Identify 2/4, 4/4, 3/4, 6/8 and 5/4. - Identify the musical style of a song using some musical vocabulary to discuss its Musical Elements.

- -Identify the following instruments by ear and through a range of media: bass guitar, electric guitar, percussion, sections of the orchestra such as brass, woodwind and strings, electric organ, congas, pianos and synthesizers, and vocal techniques such as scat singing. Discuss the structure of the music with reference to verse, chorus, bridge and an instrumental break.
- -Explain a bridge passage and its position in a song.
- -Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music.
- -Identify major and minor tonality, chord triads I, IV and V, and intervals within a major scale.
- -Explain the role of a main theme in musical structure.

Singing

-Rehearse and learn songs from memory and/or with notation.

- -Sing a broad range of songs as part of a choir, including those that involve syncopated rhythms, with a good sense of ensemble and performance.
- -This should include observing rhythm, phrasing, accurate pitching and appropriate style.
- -Continue to sing in parts where appropriate.
- -Sing in 2/4, 4/4, 3/4, 5/4 and 6/8. -Sing with and without an accompaniment.
- -Sing syncopated melodic patterns. -Demonstrate and maintain good posture and breath control whilst singing.
- -Sing expressively, with attention to breathing and phrasing.
- -Sing expressively, with attention to dynamics and articulation.
- -Lead a singing rehearsal.
- -Talk about the different styles of singing used for the different styles of songs sung in this year.
- -Discuss with others how connected you are to the music and songs, and

Performing

- -Create, rehearse and present a holistic performance for a specific event, for an unknown audience.
- -Perform a range of songs as a choir in school assemblies, school performance opportunities and to a wider audience. -Create, rehearse and present a holistic
- performance, with a detailed understanding of the musical, cultural and historical contexts.
- -Perform from memory or with notation.
- -Understand the value of choreographing any aspect of a performance.
- A student or a group of students rehearse and lead parts of the performance.
- -Understand the importance of the performing space and how to use it. Record the performance and compare it to a previous performance. -Collect feedback from the audience and reflect how the audience believed in the performance. -Discuss how the performance might change if it was repeated in a larger/smaller performance space.

	T	
-Know and understand what a musical	how the songs and styles are	
introduction and outro is, and its	connected to the world.	
purpose.		
-Identify the sound of a Gospel choir		
and soloist, Rock band, symphony		
orchestra and A Cappella groups.		
-Recognise the following styles and an	У	
key musical features that distinguish		
the style: 20th and 21st Century		
Orchestral, Soul, Pop, Hip Hop, Jazz:		
Swing, Rock, Disco, Romantic,		
Zimbabwean Pop, R&B, Folk, Gospel,		
Salsa, Reggae, Musicals and Film Musi	2.	

Composition

Playing Instruments: Rehearse and learn to play one of four differentiated instrumental parts by ear or from notation, in the tonal centres of C major, F major, G major, D major, E major, A major, Eb major, D minor and F minor. Play a melody following staff notation written on one stave and using notes within an octave range (do−do); make decisions about dynamic range, including very loud (fortissimo), very quiet (pianissimo), moderately loud (mezzo forte) and moderately quiet (mezzo piano). Playing brass and woodwind instruments: Rehearse and learn to play one of four differentiated instrumental parts by ear or from notation, in the tonal centres of C major, F major, G major, D major, E major, A major, Eb major, D minor and F minor. Notation: Explore ways of representing high and low sounds, and long and short sounds, using symbols and any appropriate means of notation. Explore standard notation, using dotted semibreves, dotted minims, minims, triplet crotchets, dotted crotchets, crotchets, dotted quavers, quavers and semiquavers, and simple combinations of: C, D, E, F, G, A, B F, G, A, B B, C, D, E F, G, Ab, Bb, C, D, E F, G, A, B, C, D, E, F G,

<u>Improvising:</u> Explore improvisation within a major scale, using the notes: C, D, E, F, G G, A, Bb, C, D G, A, B, C, D F, G, A, C, D Improvise over a groove, responding to the beat, creating a satisfying melodic shape with varied dynamics and articulation.

Composing: Plan and compose an 8 or 16-beat melodic phrase, using the pentatonic scale (eg C, D, E, G, A), and incorporate rhythmic variety and interest. Play this melody on available tuned percussion and/or orchestral instruments. Notate this melody. Either of these melodies can be enhanced with rhythmic or simple chordal accompaniment. Create a simple chord progression. Compose a ternary (ABA form) piece; use available music software/apps to create and record it, discussing how musical contrasts are achieved. Create music in response to music and video stimulus. Use music technology, if available, to capture, change and combine sounds. Start to use structures within compositions, eg introduction, multiple verse and chorus sections, AB form or ABA form (ternary form). Use simple dynamics. Use rhythmic variety. Compose song accompaniments, perhaps using basic chords. Use a wider range of dynamics, including fortissimo (very loud), pianissimo (very quiet), mezzo forte (moderately loud) and mezzo piano (moderately quiet). Use full scales in different keys. Create a melody using crotchets, quavers and minims, and perhaps semibreves and semiquavers, and all equivalent rests. Use a pentatonic and a full scale. Use major and minor tonality: C, D C, D, E C, D, E, F, G, Start and end on the note C (C major) G, A G, A, B, G, A, B, D, G, A, B, D, E Start and end on the note G (Pentatonic on F) F, G F, G, Ab, Bb F, G, Ab, Bb, C Start and end on the note F (F minor)

In addition to the above, this will be further enriched through assemblies, school and community performances and the use of music in class. Pupils will be given the opportunities to master various musical instruments throughout their school career and from Year 4 upwards, children identified as gifted and talented on an instrument will be offered the opportunity to have small group tuition and access to grade exams where appropriate. Children will also be signposted to extra-curricular music activities and organisations such as Runcorn Rising Stars.